ACQUISITIONS RECORD TYPES IN VOYAGER

1. Ledgers and Funds

- a. Ledgers group together funds within a particular fiscal year. There is one primary ledger for monographs acquisitions.
- b. Levels of funds:

Summary Funds: summarize and total funds underneath them

Allocated Funds: where the money really is

Reporting Funds: allow for a further breakdown of expenditures within

allocated funds

c. In the library, funds are grouped by material types – books, continuations, serials. Within each cost center there are funds for academic departments, library areas, and special programs and projects.

Monographs (Summary fund)

College of Business (Summary fund)

Marketing Department (Allocated fund)

Print Materials (Reporting fund)

Library (Summary fund)

Curriculum Materials Center (Allocated fund)

d. There are also ledgers for special funds such as grants, gifts, and special university funds.

2. Vendor Records

- a. Required for creating a purchase order
- b. Can contain multiple addresses
- c. Can contain multiple accounts for same vendor

3. Purchase Orders

- a. Basic ordering document containing vendor information, lists of titles, and estimated prices.
- b. Statuses:

Pending (order in the process of being generated)

Approved/Sent (completed order sent to the vendor)

Received Partial (some titles have either been received or cancelled but others are still pending)

Received Complete (all titles have either been received or cancelled)

4. Invoice Records

- a. Basic receiving document containing vendor information, lists of titles received, and their actual prices.
- b. Statuses:

Pending (invoice in process of being generated) Approved (completed invoice)

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6/8/98 rev 7/10/07