

CSC411: Advanced Networks

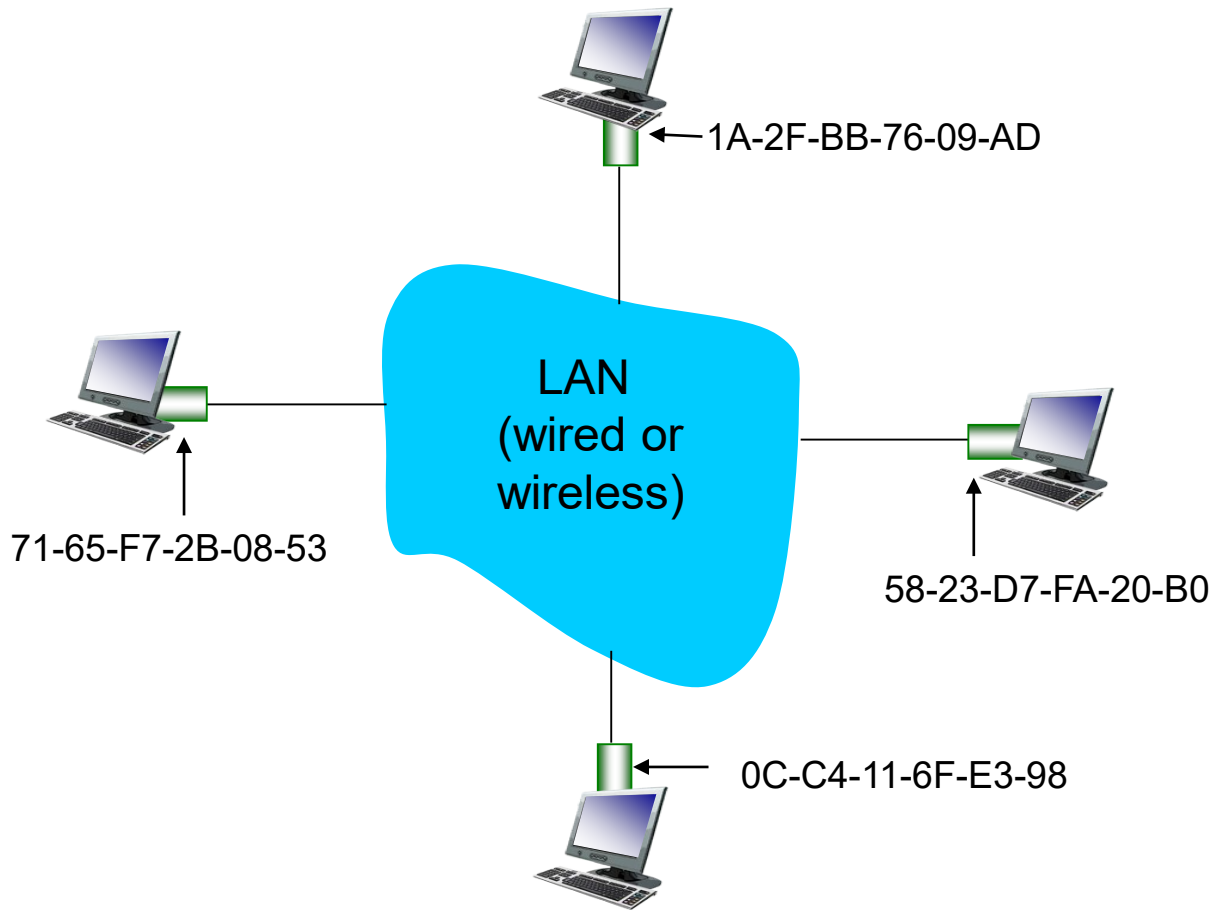
Network Addresses

Note: This class lecture will be recorded!

If you do not consent to this recording, please do not ask questions via your video, audio or public chat; send your question to the instructor using the private chat.

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LAN Addresses



 adapter

LAN Addresses

- ▶ Physical address
- ▶ Ethernet address
- ▶ MAC (Media Access Control) address

**OUI code defined by IEEE
(Tells us the manufacturer)**

Defined by the manufacturer

1 byte

1 byte

1 byte

1 byte

1 byte

1 byte

Receiver Pick Correct Frames

- ▶ Destination address
 - Link-layer header
- ▶ Destination address == my address → process frame
- ▶ No match → discard frame

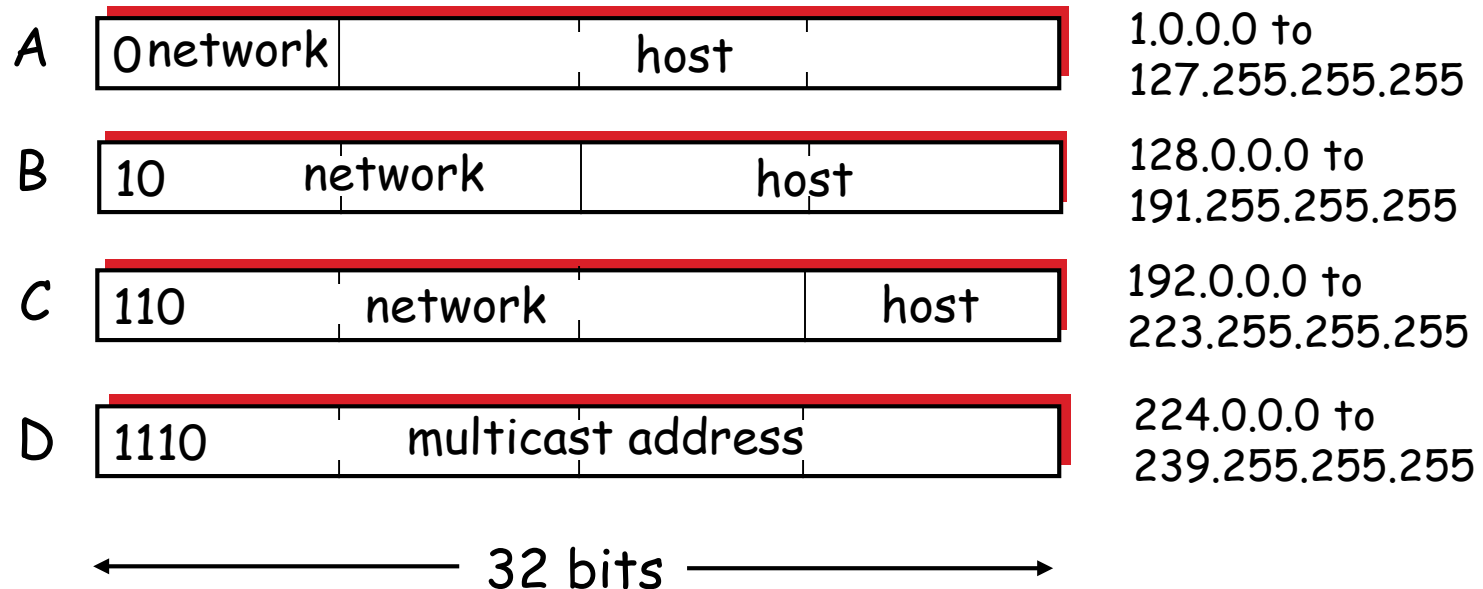
- ▶ Link-layer broadcast address??
FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF

IP Addresses

- ▶ 32-bits
- ▶ Dotted-decimal notation
- ▶ Prefix part → network
- ▶ Suffix part → host

- ▶ Special Addresses
 - ▶ 0 ← Network
 - ▶ 255 ← Broadcast
 - ▶ 127.0.0.1 ← loopback

Classes of IP Addresses

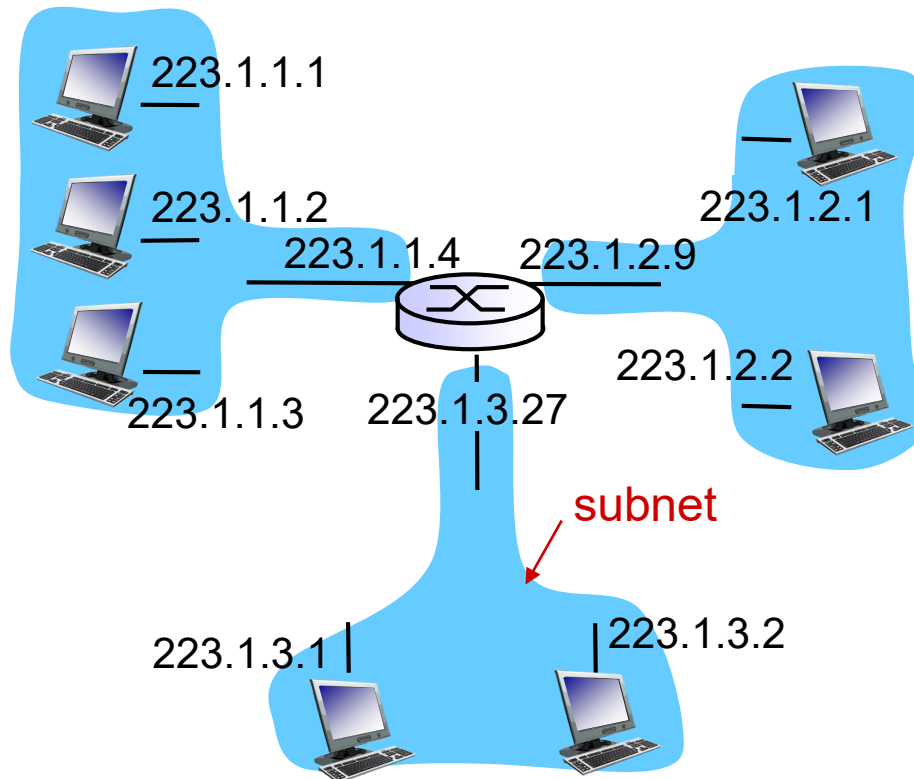


Classes – Networks/Hosts

Class	Available Networks	Available Hosts
A	126	16,777,214
B	16,382	65,534
C	2,097,150	254

Class	Class ID	IP Range	Default Mask
A	0	1 – 126	255.0.0.0
B	10	128 – 191	255.255.0.0
C	110	192 – 223	255.255.255.0
D	111	224 – 247	Multicast
E	11111	248 – 254	Reserved for future

Subnets



network consisting of 3 subnets

Subnets

- ▶ Divide host id (suffix)
 - Subnet id
 - Host id
- ▶ Bits borrowed from host id (suffix)
 - Number of subnets = $2^n - 2$
 - n - number of bits borrowed from host id
 - Why (- 2)?

Subnet Mask

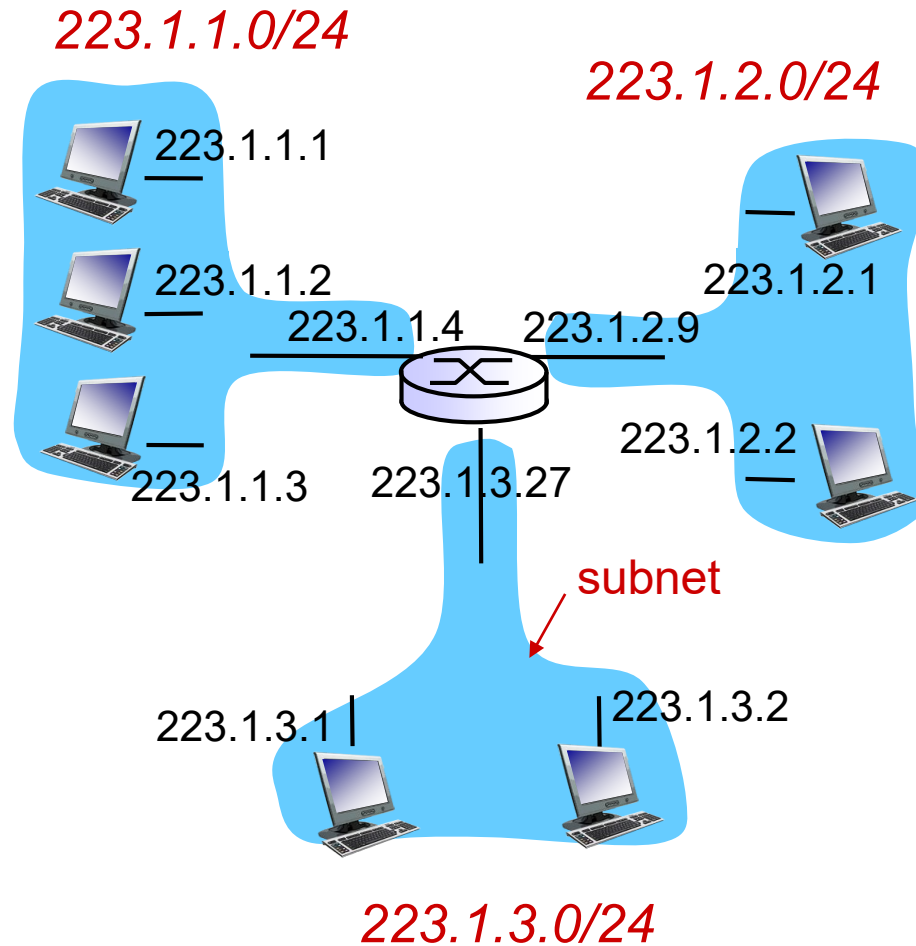
- ▶ Number of bits for subnet and host portion of IP address
 - 1 – network part
 - 0 – host part

Number of Mask Bits	Subnet Mask	Available SubNets	Available Hosts
2	255.255.255.192	2	62
3	255.255.255.224	6	30
4	255.255.255.240	14	14
5	255.255.255.248	30	6
6	255.255.255.252	62	2

Subnet Mask Example

- ▶ 32-bit network prefix
 - 128.10.0.0
- ▶ 32-bit mask
 - 255.255.0.0
- ▶ 32-bit destination address
 - 128.10.2.3
- ▶ Logical and between destination address and address mask?

Subnets



subnet mask: /24

DHCP

- ▶ Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
- ▶ DHCP overview:
 - host broadcasts “DHCP discover” msg [optional]
 - DHCP server responds with “DHCP offer” msg [optional]
 - host requests IP address: “DHCP request” msg
 - DHCP server sends address: “DHCP ack” msg

DHCP Scenario

DHCP server: 223.1.2.5



DHCP discover

```
src : 0.0.0.0, 68
dest.: 255.255.255.255,67
yiaddr: 0.0.0.0
transaction ID: 654
```

arriving
client



DHCP offer

```
src: 223.1.2.5, 67
dest: 255.255.255.255, 68
yiaddr: 223.1.2.4
transaction ID: 654
lifetime: 3600 secs
```

DHCP request

```
src: 0.0.0.0, 68
dest.: 255.255.255.255, 67
yiaddr: 223.1.2.4
transaction ID: 655
lifetime: 3600 secs
```

DHCP ACK

```
src: 223.1.2.5, 67
dest: 255.255.255.255, 68
yiaddr: 223.1.2.4
transaction ID: 655
lifetime: 3600 secs
```