

HANDOUT 4 $\frac{3}{4}$
MATH 224 FOUNDATIONS OF MATHEMATICS
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HANDOUT LEMMAS AND THEOREMS FOR
ANALYTIC OR NUMBER THEORETIC
CLAIMS

FOR ANALYTIC CLAIMS

Lemma 1: $0 < 1$. Lemma 2: $x \in \mathbb{R}$ It is the case that $x \cdot 0 = 0$. Lemma 3: $(-1) \cdot (-1) = 1$.

Lemma 4: $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $(-1) \cdot x = -x$ Lemma 5: $x \in \mathbb{R}, y \in \mathbb{R}$ $x - y = x + (-y)$.

FOR NUMBER THEORETIC CLAIMS:

Lemma 6 (Closure of \mathbb{N} under $+$): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{N}, a + b \in \mathbb{N}$

Corollary 6: \mathbb{N} is not closed under $-$

Lemma 7 (Closure of \mathbb{N} under \times): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{N}, a \cdot b \in \mathbb{N}$

Corollary 7: \mathbb{N} is not closed under \div

Lemma 8 (Closure of \mathbb{Z} under $+$): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, a + b \in \mathbb{Z}$

Lemma 9 (Closure of \mathbb{Z} under $-$): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, a - b \in \mathbb{Z}$

Lemma 10 (Closure of \mathbb{Z} under \times): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, a \cdot b \in \mathbb{Z}$

Corollary 10: \mathbb{Z} is not closed under \div

Lemma 11 (Closure of \mathbb{Q} under $+$): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Q}, a + b \in \mathbb{Q}$

Lemma 12 (Closure of \mathbb{Q} under $-$): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Q}, a - b \in \mathbb{Q}$

Lemma 13 (Closure of \mathbb{Q} under \times): $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Q}, a \cdot b \in \mathbb{Q}$

Corollary 13: \mathbb{Q} is not closed under \div

Lemma 14A: \mathbb{I} is not closed under $+$ Lemma 14B: \mathbb{I} is not closed under $-$

Lemma 14C: \mathbb{I} is not closed under \times Lemma 14D: \mathbb{I} is not closed under \div